## ULK1(Phospho-Ser757) Antibody

Catalog No: #12871

Package Size: #12871-1 50ul #12871-2 100ul



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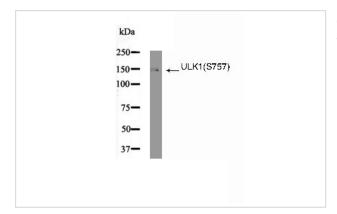
Product Name	ULK1(Phospho-Ser757) Antibody		
Brief Description	Rabbit Polyclonal		
Host Species	Rabbit		
Clonality	Polyclonal		
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Applications	WB		
Species Reactivity	Hu Ms Rt		
Specificity	Phospho-ULK1(S757) Antibody detects endogenous levels of ULK1 only when phosphorylated at S757		
Immunogen Type	Peptide-KLH		
Immunogen Description	A synthesized peptide derived from human ULK1(Phospho-Ser757)		
Other Names	ATG 1 antibody		
	ATG1 antibody		
	ATG1 autophagy related 1 homolog antibody		
	ATG1A antibody		
	Autophagy related protein 1 homolog antibody		
	Autophagy-related protein 1 homolog antibody		
	FLJ38455 antibody		
	FLJ46475 antibody		
	hATG1 antibody		
	KIAA0722 antibody		
	Serine threonine protein kinase ULK1 antibody		
	Serine threonine protein kinase Unc51.1 antibody		
	Serine threonine-protein kinase ULK1 antibody		
	ULK 1 antibody		
	ULK1 antibody		
	ULK1_HUMAN antibody		
	Unc 51 (C. elegans) like kinase 1 antibody		
	UNC 51 antibody		
	Unc 51 like kinase 1 antibody		
	Unc-51 like kinase 1 (C. elegans) antibody		
	Unc-51-like kinase 1 antibody		
	UNC51 antibody		
	UNC51 C. elegans homolog of antibody		
	Unc51.1 antibody		
Accession No.	Swiss-Prot#:075385 NCBI Gene ID8408		
Calculated MW	140-150		
Concentration	1.0mg mL		
Formulation	Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline (without Mg2+ and Ca2+) pH 7.4 150mM NaCl 0.02% sodium azide		

Store at -20°C

## **Application Details**

WB dilution:1:1000

## **Images**



Western blot analysis ULK1(Phospho-Ser757) using A431 whole cell lysates

## **Product Description**

Two related serine,threonine kinases, UNC-51-like kinase -1 and -2 (ULK1, ULK2), were discovered as mammalian homologs of the C. elegans gene UNC-51 in which mutants exhibited abnormal axonal extension and growth (1-4). Both proteins are widely expressed and contain an amino-terminal kinase domain followed by a central proline, serine rich domain and a highly conserved carboxy-terminal domain. The roles of ULK1 and ULK2 in axon growth have been linked to studies showing that the kinases are localized to neuronal growth cones and are involved in endocytosis of critical growth factors such as NGF (5). Yeast two-hybrid studies found ULK1,2 associated with modulators of the endocytic pathway, SynGap, and syntenin (6). Structural similarity of ULK1,2 has also been recognized with the yeast autophagy protein Atg1,Apg1 (7). Knockdown experiments using siRNA demonstrated that ULK1 is essential for autophagy (8), a catabolic process for the degradation of bulk cytoplasmic contents (9,10). It appears that Atg1,ULK1 can act as a convergence point for multiple signals that control autophagy (11), and can bind to several autophagy-related (Atg) proteins, regulating phosphorylation states and protein trafficking (12-16).

Note: This product is for in vitro research use only and is not intended for use in humans or animals.